# Demystifying the Difficult

Sharon Reynolds CNS Palliative Care Team Toronto General Hospital " I'm not dying.... I don't need to see palliative care.."

" It freaked us out when you came in the room.... No one has called palliative care before. Why now?"





" I don't want you speaking to my husband. If he hears the word palliative care he will think death is near..."

".....don't take my hope away.."











## A STORY ABOUT ROSITA

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"Watching a peaceful death of a human being reminds us of a falling star; one of a million lights in a vast sky that flares up for a brief moment only to disappear into the endless night forever."



### A model for communication

- - Recognizing the uniqueness of each individual
    The shared vulnerability of the human condition
- Shifting from an impersonal ("*I-it relating*") toward a more shared/openness ("I-thou relating") (Martin Buber)
- "emotional labour" in caring for another



### **Meeting Rosita**

- 44 y.o. female, admitted at the recommendation of her Family M.D. after an abnormal CXR Diagnosed with metastatic breast cancer to lungs, bones, brain (frontal lobe)

  - Prior to hospital admission, had been followed by Mental Health for depression/anxiety/unusual behaviour
  - Seen by Medical Oncology (PMH) and was put on oral chemo (hormonal)

She understood her advanced cancer diagnosis and the uncertainty of her future

Her main focus was on: *"getting better"* in order to be there for her kids

- Originally from South America
  Mother to a 12 year girl and a 8 year old boy
  Separated from her children's father but were in regular contact

- Recently separated from her boyfriend Children primarily lived with their father Her mother and best friend were her primary support system

- Extremely cachexic
- Abnormal behaviour...constant picking away the edges of her nose Regular visits by Mental Health and our palliative team
- Disease progressed in her pharynx and received a short course of palliative radiation to reduce/stop bleeding

- She could no longer speak
   Had great difficulty using her "communication board"
- Now needed Oxygen by Face Mask

- Medical Team spoke with family about DNR but family felt that Rosita needed to be part of discussion Medical Team were unsuccessful in obtaining a "DNR Order" from Rosita



### My concerns...

- She was dying...did she know this?
- I wanted her to die with dignity...
- ...and given an opportunity to prepare herself and her family for her death
- How about the kids? Did they know about Mom's illness?

### ■ Use of my 'therapeutic self'

 Being with another in their utter suffering, emotional pain, in their grieving

- Presence with another
  - 2011 study (Bailey et al) showed that good care at EOL was associated with "presence" and nurses "being with" patients
  - Poor experiences of care (for both patients/families) resulted from a "lack of a close nurse-patient relationship"







### Guiding Rosita as she *transitioned* toward an EOL focus

- Being present with her in her suffering
- Gently reviewing her illness course and the present situation...DNR in the context of the illness
- Supporting her in her grief...
- ... "Oh no, I don't want to die"
- Supporting her family
- Preparing the children for death



## Pearls in guiding others at EOL

- Be yourself...know your limits and your strengths
- Allow yourself to be challenged
- Acknowledge that "death" is the larger reality behind patient's acceptance of a palliative care focus
- Be mindful of how you communicate

"The nearer the patient approaches death, the more he reaches out toward life.

Touch is often important, sitting close to him, holding his hand, staying near him even without words.

All of these things make the chasm between the living and the dead less terrifying and lonely."

Hackett & Weisman, 1962